

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED CORPORATE INFORMATION

Hon. Francis Manu-Adabor Philomena Okyere Ray Ankrah Vincent Akomea Prof Douglas Boateng Theodore Matey Tackey **REGISTERED OFFICE** Cocoa Processing Company Limited Heavy Industrial Area Private Mail Bag Tema SOLICITOR/ SECRETARY Sheila Minkah-Premo Apex Law Consult Ring road Labone Box GP 4889 Accra AUDITOR Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants

BANKERS

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

REGISTRAR

Kweku Owusu Baah (Chairman) Nana Agyenim Boateng (Managing)

60 Rangoon Lane P. O. Box KAI6009, Airport Accra

Barclays Bank (Ghana) Limited Ecobank Ghana Limited GCB Bank Limited Prudential Bank Limited SG-SSB Bank Limited

NTHC Limited Martco House P O Box 9563 Airport Accra

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONS HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022

Quantitation in the second sec	JUNE 2022	2 JUNE 2021
FINANCIALS	USS	<u>US\$</u>
Turnover	32,034,038	26,997,493
Loss from Operations	(5,649,159)	(5,491,205)
Loss for the year	(9,855,607)	(8,408,898)
Total Assets	149,089,217	163,842,878
Net Assets per Share	(0.0301)	(0.0200)
No of Shares Ranking for Dividend	2,038,074,176	2,038,074,176
Earnings per Share	(0.0048)	(0.0041)
Diluted Earnings per Share	(0.0048)	(0.0041)
OPERATIONS	JUNE 2022	JUNE 2021
	MT	МТ
Cocoa Beans Processed	9,230	8,279
Semi - Finished Products Packed	7,609	7,051
Confectionary products Packed	1,644	1,549

1,549

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2022

ASSETS		Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Property, plant and equipment	7	116,324,279	121,372,135
Total non-current assets		116,324,279	121,372,135
Inventories	8	22,775,209	29,490,004
Current tax assets			23,430,004
Trade and other receivables	9	9,188,305	12,473,953
Cash and bank balances	10a	801,425	506,786
Total current assets		32,764,939	42,470,743
Total assets		149,089,217	163,842,878
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	14a	26,071,630	26,071,630
Revaluation Reserve	14b	52,347,147	56,508,182
Fair Value Reserve	14b	11,790,827	6,293,536
Retained earnings	14d	(151,620,880)	(129,553,860)
Total equity		(61,411,276)	(40,680,512)
Liabilities			
Borrowings	12b	32,376,930	21,258,331
Employee benefit obligations	13b	3,794,236	3,335,191
Deferred Tax Liability		22,449,189	20,687,331
Non current liabilities		58,620,354	45,280,856
Bank overdraft	10b	1,370,509	1.046 501
Trade and other payables	11	107,159,087	1,046,501
Borrowings	12a	43,350,542	110,856,531 47,339,503
Total current liabilities		151,880,139	159,242,535
Total liabilities		210,500,493	204 522 204
Total equity and liabilities		149,089,217	204,523,391
\frown	-		163,842,878

2 426 **KOFI TEKYI**

DR. FRANKASAN

DIRECTOR (FIN & IT) The accompaning accounting policies and notes form an integral parts of these financial statements

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022

		Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Revenue	14	32,034,038	
Cost of Sales			26,997,493
Gross Profit	15	(34,092,380) (2,058,342)	(29,426,962)
Other income		(2,038,342)	(2,429,469)
	16	11,798	8,180
Selling and distribution costs	30	(558,197)	
General and administration		,	(442,661)
General and administrative expenses	29	(3,044,418)	(2,627,254)
Impairment Loss			
0			
Operating loss		(5,649,159)	(5,491,205)
Finance income	20	177 220	
Finance		177,329	1,382
Finance costs	21	(4,383,777)	(2,919,076)
Loss before tax	17 -	(9,855,607)	
Income		(3,833,607)	(8,408,898)
Income tax expense	5		
Loss	_		-
		(9,855,607)	(8,408,898)
Other comprehensive income Revaluation of PPE			
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains/ (loss)			
helated lax			
Total other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive :			-
Total comprehensive income		(9,855,607)	(8,408,898)
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share	22	10.00	
Diluted earnings per share		(0.0048)	(0.0041)
	22	(0.0048)	(0.0041)

	COC S FOR THE	COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022	PANY LIMITED S IN EQUITY D 30TH JUNE 2022		
	Share Capital US\$	Revaluation Reserve US\$	Fair Value Reserve US\$	Retained Earnings US\$	Total Equity
Balance at 1 October 2021	26,071,630	52,347,147	11,790,827	(141.765.273)	151 555 5501
Total comprehensive income for the year	ear				(600'000'TO)
Defined benefit plan actuarial gain				(9,855,607)	(9,855,607)
Total comprehensive income	•			(9 855 607)	loor cost
Transfer within equity Revaluation reserve transferred					(/09,558,6)
Balance at 30th June 2022 =	26,071,630	52,347,147	11,790,827	(151,620,880)	(61,411,276)

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022

Operating activities	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Adjustments for: Depreciation charges	(9,855,607)	(8,408,898)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	4,177,423	3,670,716
Changes in Inventories	(5,678,185)	(4,738,182)
Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables Employee benefit obligations Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	3,946,308 3,561,936 (5,492,752) (0)	(8,781,460) (7,374,896) 18,669,993
Cash flows from investing activities	(3,662,692)	(2,224,545)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(204,913)	(1,558,627)
Net cash flow in investing activities	(204,913)	(1,558,627)
Financing activities		
Loans and borrowings Net cash flow in financing activities	3,542,709 3,542,709	3,341,553
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 October Balance as at 30th June 2022	(324,897) (244,188) (569,085)	3,341,553 (441,618) (98,097) (539,715)
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents as shown in the balance sheet Cash and bank balances	=	(333,713)
Bank overdraft Cash and cash equivalents at 30th June 2022	801,425 (1,370,509) (569,084)	506,786 (1,046,501) (539,715)

Total	USD 132.315 564	204,913	4	132.520 477	12,018,776	4,177,423	116,324,279
Laboratory Equipment	USD 100,310	16,297		116,607	43,523	17,677 61,200	55,407
Office Furniture & Equipment	27 4,830	377,184		652,014	229,883	- 74,199 304,082	347,931
2022 Motor Vehicles USD	234,070	(0)		234,070	224,554	9,516 234,070	(0)
PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022 Land, Staff Land, Staff Plant & Machinery Veh Veh USD USD USD USD	90,221,714	(328,188)		89,893,526	10,581,041	3,486,146 14,067,187	75,826,338
PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30TH JU Staff Bungalows & Plant & Flats Machinery USD USD	413,519	(0)		413,519	18,175	6,490 24,665	388,853
Bu Ro	37,235,919	0		37,235,919	921,600	583,394 1,504,994	35,730,925
Capital Work In Progress USD	3,835,202	139,622		3,974,824			3,974,824
Description	Cost/Valuation Balance at 1 October 2021 Additions	Disposals	Transfers Balance at	Balance at 30th June 2022 Depreciation	Balance at 1 October 2021 Disposals	Depreciation Charge	Balance at 30th June 2022

COCOA PROCESSING COMPANY LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

REPORTING ENTITY 1.

Cocoa Processing Company Limited is a Company registered and domiciled in Ghana. The financial statements for the First quarter ended 31st December 2021 relates to the individual financial statements of the Company.

2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

Statement of compliance a.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and in the manner required by the Companies Act 1963 (Act 179).

b. **Basis of measurement**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the following

- .
- Property, plant and equipment, measured at revalued amounts .
- Defined benefit obligations measured at the present value of the future benefit to employees.

Functional and presentation currency C.

The financial statements are presented in US Dollar (US\$) which is the Company's functional currency. Except otherwise indicated, the financial information presented has been rounded off to the nearest US Dollar.

d. Use of estimates and judgement

In preparing the financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at yearend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss under operating expenses or other income depending on whether it is a net loss or gain.

Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the translated.

(B) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost. They are carried at revalued amounts less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, capitalised borrowing costs and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss, as incurred.

(iii) Spare parts

Spare parts, stand-by and servicing equipment held by the Company generally are classified as inventories. However, if major spare parts and stand-by equipment are expected to be used for more than one period or can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, then they are classified as property, plant and equipment.

(iv) Capital work in progress

Property, plant and equipment under construction is stated at initial cost and depreciated from the date the asset is made available for use over its estimated useful life. Assets are transferred from capital work in progress to an appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when commissioned and ready for its intended use.

(v) Depreciation

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated from the date they are installed and ready for use, or in respect of self-constructed assets, from the date assets is completed and ready for use.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight -line method over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is generally recognised in profit or loss unless the amount is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative years of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

٠	Land, Buildings and Road Works		
٠	Staff Bungalows and Flats	-	50 years
٠	Plant and Machinery	-	50 years
٠	Motor Vehicles	-	20 years
٠	Laboratory Equipment	-	4 years
٠	Office Furniture and Equipment	-	5 years
	1 - Priverie		5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(vi) Revaluation gain/loss

Increases in the carrying amount of land and buildings arising on revaluation are credited to a revaluation reserve. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against the revaluation reserve. All other decreases are charged to profit or loss.

The surplus on revaluation is transferred to retained earnings on use of the relevant revalued assets.

(d) Inventories

All inventories with the exception of finished goods are initially recognised at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Finished goods are initially recognised at the total cost of raw materials consumed and production overheads. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

The cost of inventories is based on the first-in-first-out principle for raw materials and weighted average principle for all other inventories and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recognised in profit or loss when goods are sold or there is a write down of inventories.

(e) Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract with a customer. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control over a good or a service to a customer.

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2 REVENUE

Analysis of the Company's revenue ia as follows

Type of Product		Jun L	-22 JS\$	Jun-21 US\$
Cocoa Butter				
Cocoa Liquor		8,770,16	54	10 620 760
Cocoa Cake		6,329,74	8	10,639,769
Cocoa Powder		8,754,40	0	3,687,301 4,560,879
Confectionery		1,311,96	6	1,806,872
,		6,867,75	9	
	-	32,034,03		6,302,672 26,997,493
		Jun-2	2	Jun-21
		US	\$	US\$
Sale of goods				035
Local Sales				
Export Sales		6,605,238		6,075,052
	_	25,428,800		20,899,523
Tolling		32,034,038	-	26,974,575
	_	32,034,038		-
		52,034,038	-	26,974,575
Analysis of Product Market				
	Jun-22	Jun-22	Jun-21	Jun-21
	Export	Local	Export	
	Sales	Sales	Sales	Local
	US\$	US\$	US\$	Sales
iemi -Finished Products			000	US\$
onfectionery	25,166,220	59	20,692,037	2 704
olling	262,580	6,605,180	207,486	2,784 6,072,268
	25,428,800	6,605,238	20,000 500	-
		0,000,200	20,899,523	6,075,052

15.(a) COST OF SALES

	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21
Raw and Packing Material Consumed		US\$
Depreciation	25,884,441	22.202.201
Direct Labour	3,894,559	22,203,291
Production Overheads	901,964	3,785,291
overneads	3,411,416	819,300
	34,092,380	2,619,081
16 OTHER WAR	34,032,380	29,426,963
16 OTHER INCOME		
Type of Product	Jun-22	Jun-21
	US\$	
Sale of Sack, scrap and other items		US\$
Net Exchange gain	11,798	F
Discount received on Sales tax	-,	5,084
Sundry Income		
		3,096
	11,798	
	11,756	8,180
	Jun-22	Jun-21
20 FINANCE INCOME	US\$	
Interest income		US\$
	177,329	1.200
	177,329	1,382
21 FINANCE COST		1,382
	Jun-22	
	US\$	Jun-21
Interest on Loans and borrowing		US\$
Interest on Bank Overdraft	4,285,372	
overdraft	98,405	2,805,409
	4,383,777	113,667
	-,303,777	2,919,076

29 GENERAL ADMIN EXPENSES

Staff Cost Depreciation Auditors remuneration Directors remuneration Insurance Rent and Security Professional/Consultancy Bank Charges AGM Expenses Office related Expenses Water and Electricity	Jun-22 US\$ 2,110,589 41,313 27,749 71,018 67,756 92,468 64,224 63,340 20,618 251,326	Jun-21 US\$ 1,843,122 16,877 30,142 37,541 61,673 83,871 64,679 30,452 24,663 64,920
Water and Electricity Other Cost Exchange Loss	251,326 25,008 209,008 3,044,418	64,920 18,831 261,113 89,369 2,627,252

30 SELLING & DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Staff Cost	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Wharfage Handling Charges	200,673	180,672
Carriage - Forklifts / Trucks	232,483	79,539
Depot Expenses	1,348	27,892
Vehicles Running Costs	26,739	10,850
Advertising Expenses and other cost	67,430	47,850
Depreciation Vehicles	29,523	51,971
	-	43,888
	558,197	442,662

STAFF COSTS

The average number of employees during the year was as follows: -

Junior Staff Senior Staff Management	Jun-22 Number 192 67 18	Jun-21 Number 192 67 18
	277	277

Aggregate Remuneration	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Wages and Salaries	3,213,226	2,843,093
	3,213,226	2,843,093

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share was based on the loss attributable to ordinary sharesholders and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

Net Profit attributable to shareholders	Jun-22 US\$ (9,855,607)	Jun-21 US\$ (8,408,898)
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares outstanding during the year	2,038,074,176	2,038,074,176
Basic Earnings per share	-0.0048	-0.0041
Diluted Earnings per share	-0.0048	-0.0041

8 INVENTORIES

Raw Materials Packaging Materials Finished Goods Technical Store Parts Fuel & Lubricant Wright down	Jun-22 US\$ 762,393 3,213,421 12,469,344 6,202,652 127,399	Jun-21 US\$ 10,120,549 3,039,909 14,717,864 1,517,373 94,309
	22,775,209	29,490,004

9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Trade Receivables Staff Debtors Prepayment Other Receivables Fixed Deposit Investment	4,972,081 786,644 480,094 336,200 2,613,286 9,188,305	8,408,926 565,053 474,689 496,419 2,528,865 12,473,953

11 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables principally comprised amount outstanding for trade purchase and ongoing costs.

Trade Payables Other Payables	Jun-22 US\$ 64,176,398 42,982,690	Jun-21 US\$ 67,017,623 43,838,909
12 BORROWINGS	107,159,087	110,856,532
Balances on existing Loan Facilities Barclays Bank USD Loan Barclays Bank USD Loan Cocobod Loan USD Prudential Ioan	Jun-22 US\$ 10,902,550 16,103,188 44,290,002 4,431,733 75,727,472	Jun-21 US\$ 9,489,468 15,484,027 39,089,528 4,534,811 68,597,834
12(a) Short term portion of borrowings	43,350,542	47,339,503
12(b) Long term borrowings	32,376,930	21,258,331

10(a)	CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
	Cash at Bank		035
	Cash in hand	655,095	122 402
		146,330	433,403
	Cash and Cash Equivalents		73,383
	-quivalents	801,425	506 700
10(b)	Bank Overdraft		506,786
		(1,370,509)	(1,046,501)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents in the		(1,040,501)
	statement of cash flow	(569,084)	(539,715)

DEBT TO EQUITY RATIO

The Company's net debt to equity ratio was as follows

Total Liabilities	Jun-22 US\$	Jun-21 US\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	210,500,493	204,523,391
Net Debt	(801,425)	(506,786)
Equity	209,699,068	204,016,605
Debt to Equity Ratio	(61,411,276)	(40,680,512)
DELATE	(3.41)	(5.02)

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

The Company Purhases raw cocoa beans from Cocoa Marketing Company Limited a Subsidiary of Ghana Cocoa Board.

Ghana Cocoa Board is the ultimate parent of Cocoa Processing Company Limited. The purchases from Cocoa Marketing Company Limited are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other companies

The value of transactions between the company and its related entities during the year are as follows

Purchases from Cocoa Marketing Company Balances due related company were as follows	Jun-22 US\$ 12,917,500	Jun-21 US\$ 28,357,949
Borrowings Accrued Interest	Jun-22 US\$ 27,308,567 16,981,435 44,290,002	Jun-21 US\$ 25,728,610
Trade Payable	64,176,398 108,466,399	65,570,589 104,660,117

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

SHARE CAPITAL (STATED CAPITAL) AND RESERVES 13.

(a) Authorised shares

Ordinary shares of no par value	2022	2021
Preference share of no par value	20,000,000,000	20,000,000,000

Issued	and	fully	paid
--------	-----	-------	------

	- purch				
Ordin	hary shares for cash	Number 'm	Amount US\$	Number 'm	Amount US\$
o run	may shares for cash	2,038	26,071,559	2,038	26,071,559
(b)	Preference shares				
		Number		Number	
		1	71	1	71
			26,071,630		26,071,630

There are no outstanding shares in treasury and there is no unpaid liability on any share. The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

(c) **Revaluation reserve**

This represents the unrealised appreciation on the value of property, plant and machinery, following a revaluation exercise carried out at 30 September 2019. The revaluation surplus is recorded in equity as it is a nondistributable reserve. The movement on the revaluation reserve resulted from transfer made to the retained earnings account in respect of portions of the revalued components of the relevant assets which were used during

Retained earnings (Income surplus account) (d)

This represents the residual of cumulative annual profits/losses and realised portions of revaluation reserve.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors return on capital as well as the

The Board seeks to maintain a balance between higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. There are no externally imposed

There have been no changes to what the entity manages as capital, the strategy for capital maintenance or externally imposed capital requirements from the previous year.

The Board monitors capital using an adjusted net debt to equity ratio, which is the adjusted net debt divided by the adjusted equity. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities (which includes interest bearing loans and borrowings) unaccrued proposed dividends less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted equity comprise all

GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATION

COCOBOD has undertaken to provide the Company with continuous supply of cocoa beans to meet its operational demand and will not demand for repayments of amounts due it in a manner that would jeopardise the operations of the Company.

The Directors have assessed the situation and have put in place measures to turn around the Company and make

- Cost cutting measures The company entered in to arrangement with Captive Energy Company i. Limited on 9 October 2019 to produce steam and power using bio-waste materials. The project is expected to be completed in 15 months. On completion, the Company will incur a monthly charge of US\$414.000 for the generation of steam and power which represents a reduction of the Company's current utility cost by 40% per annum. The Company has also constructed six (6) depth bore-holes to reduce the cost of water by about US\$168,000 - US\$220,000 per annum.
- Investment in infrastructure and machinery The Company obtained a loan facility of GH16 million ii. from Prudential Bank Limited under the Government of Ghana's Ministry of Trade and Industry Stimulus Package Programme for the acquisition of equipment for the Confectionery factory. The Company had acquired a number of the assets and had put them in use. The machines are intended to expand the capacity of the Confectionery factory from 3,000 MT to 15,000 MT. The Company has also commenced activities for the retooling of its aged cocoa factory lines and the expansion of
- Expanding revenue base The Company continues to expand its revenue-earning base and has iii. identified the following areas to help maintain this drive:
- .
- Secure additional Tolling arrangement with relevant parties. .
- Improving visibility of Goldentree confectionery products to increase local consumption by opening new depots in Takoradi, Sunyani and Tamale by December 2022 Introduce an instant drinking chocolate be known as Goldentree instant drinking chocolate.
- Introduce a wide array of new products in the Confectionery market segment

SHAREHOLDING DISTRIBUTION AT FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2022

1 - 1,000	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% Holdings
1,001 – 5,000 5,001 – 10,000 Over 10,001	28,100 18,439 1,608 909	12,876,891 41,159,318 12,401,194 1,971,636,773	0.55 1.76 0.54 97.15
	49,056	2,038,074,176	100

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

1.	Ghana Cosco D	No. of Shares	% Holdings
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20.	Ghana Cocoa Board Government of Ghana c/o Ministry of Finance Social Security & National Insurance Trust Badu Collins K SIC Life Company Limited Donewell Life Company Limited – General Business Agricultural Development Bank Osei Isaac Baah Matthew Mensah Badu Collins Kwabena Otchere-Boateng Lordina Justina Ghana Libyan Arab Holding Company Beaudoin Patrick E.H.Boohene Foundation Tetteh Richard Amarh Adjei Seth Adjete Teachers' Fund Hyde Joel Emmanuel Insurance Compensation Fund	$\begin{array}{c} 1,176,599,176\\ 532,554,110\\ 206,754,000\\ 3,181,000\\ 2,240,000\\ 1,920,000\\ 1,600,000\\ 1,600,000\\ 1,600,000\\ 1,583,900\\ 960,000\\ 876,900\\ 800,000\\ 800,000\\ 800,000\\ 800,000\\ 552,000\\ 550,000\\ 550,000\\ 500,000\\ 500,000\end{array}$	% Holdings 57.73 26.13 10.14 0.16 0.11 0.09 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08
Other	S	480,000 1,935,651,086 102,423,100	0.02 94.97 5.03
		2,038,074,186	100.00
			the second se